

Waste sorting guide for FLATS



Waste sorting YOU SORT, WE RECYCLE

Today, waste is an asset and a resource that must be made use of so as to reduce emissions*, save energy and raw materials. The simplest way to do this is to sort our waste. Waste sorting means that everyone sorts their waste into certain bins according to what material the waste consists of. We then ensure that the materials are recycled in the best possible way!

Tips about how to sort waste efficiently!

- 1. Remove all food waste from food packaging. If you want to avoid unpleasant smells, you can rinse them out with cold water.
- 2. Flatten the packaging and if possible, stack them inside one another. That will save space in the waste lorry.
- 3. Use a plastics minimiser to pack soft plastics. That will save space and prevent it from getting stuck in the waste lorry during collection. Read more about the plastics minimiser on page 8.

Waste sorting guide

In the shops, every

third paper carton

is made out of

On our homepage, there is a digital waste sorting guide that will help you to sort your waste correctly. If you cannot find something in the guide, you can contact Customer Service and then we will update the guide.

Waste sorting in a flat WASTE SORTING ROOMS AND RECYCLING STATIONS

People who live in flats sort their household waste in a waste sorting room (*miljörum*). There are different types of waste sorting systems depending on the type of building you live in. The owner of the property is responsible for providing a waste sorting system for the tenants. If there are no bins for different types of packaging materials where you live, you must take them to your nearest recycling station (*atervinningsstation*). The recycling stations are managed by FTI. You will find your closest station on their website (www.ftiab.se).

How to sort your waste

If you live in a flat, you should use the waste sorting room provided by the property owner. It is the property owner who decides which materials can be disposed of in the waste sorting room. Some property owners offer a complete waste sorting system; others do not. If you have any questions about how to sort waste where you live, you should ask your property owner.

If you are not able to dispose of your packaging and newspapers in the waste sorting room, you must take them to a recycling station.

Why you must sort your waste

In Sweden, companies that produce packaging and packed goods have a liability. This means that everyone who manufactures, imports or sells packaging or a packed item is responsible for ensuring that packaging is sorted and recycled.

Packaging is a product that is used to contain, protect, handle, transport and present an item. The price of every packed item you buy includes a recycling charge of a few öre per packaging. As a consumer, you have an obligation to ensure all your packaging is handed in for recycling so it can be turned into new packaging and products.

By handing in your packaging and newspapers for recycling, you are really helping to save the environment and together, we will make best possible use of the earth's resources. Thank you for sorting your waste!

Packaging and newspapers SORTING TIPS

Every time you hand in packaging or a newspaper for recycling, something amazing happens! The material is turned into something new and usable. In that way, you help to save large amounts of energy. You also help to ensure that our natural resources last longer and remain in nature's eco-cycle.

What is packaging?

Packaging is something that is used to cover, contain, protect, transport and handle an item. When the packaging is no longer needed, it must be sorted and disposed of properly.

Packaging that consists of several materials

Sometimes packaging consists of more than one material. There is a simple rule: sort the packaging according to what material it mostly consists of.

Plastic packaging



Use a plastics minimiser to pack soft plastics since that saves space in both the bin and the waste lorry. If you do not have one, you can get one free of charge from any recycling centre (ÅVC) or from our office at Bruksgatan.

Read more about the plastics minimiser on page 8.

FOR EXAMPLE Plastic bags, styrofoam, meat trays, clingfilm, shower gel bottles, vacuum-formed plastic, refill bags, sweets bags, crisps bags, plastic containers.

Paper packaging



Flatten and fold the paper packaging as best you can and pack them inside one another to save space.

FOR EXAMPLE Bags of flour, cereal cartons, egg cartons, milk and yoghurt cartons, pizza cartons, toilet rolls, kitchen rolls.

Remove plastic and metal screw tops and capsules and put them in the right bin tool

Coloured glass bottles/jars

Transparent glass bottles/jars



NB! Tumblers/glasses made of coloured glass must be discarded as landfill at a recycling centre.

FOR EXAMPLE Bottles and jars made of coloured glass. Lids, bottle tops and capsules should be discarded as either metal or plastic packaging.



NB! Tumblers/glasses made of transparent glass must be discarded as landfill at a recycling centre.

FOR EXAMPLE Bottles and jars made of transparent glass. Lids, bottle tops and capsules should be discarded as either metal or plastic packaging.

Newspapers



NB! Envelopes, post-it notes and paper products with glue are sorted as remaining waste.

FOR EXAMPLE Advertising flyers, brochures, receipts, newspapers, magazines, office paper and drawing paper.

Metal containers



Save space in the bin by flattening tins (remove the bottom of the tin before flattening it).

FOR EXAMPLE Tins, tubes, dry paint tins, aluminium foil/containers, disposable barbecue grills, tin lids, capsules, foil lids.

Food waste and remaining waste

IS USED FOR ENERGY RECOVERY

In Kristianstad municipality, everyone must sort their food waste. After being collected, it is transported to a biogas plant. There, the food waste is turned into eco-friendly biogas and bio-fertiliser. The biogas is used as vehicle fuel and the nutritious bio-fertiliser is returned to agricultural land. The remaining waste is transported to Hässleholm where it is turned into district heating and electricity.

Food waste

Remaining waste



Food waste is discarded in brown food waste bags which are provided by the property owner. The bags reduce the risk of unpleasant smells, keep flies away and keep the bag more hygienic for everyone. They can withstand a lot of moisture but they need to have plenty of air. Place the bag in the holder that your landlord/property owner has given you.

FOR EXAMPLE Leftover food, fruit peel, vegetables, egg shell, coffee grounds, teabags, meat, poultry, fish, bread, biscuits etc.



Remaining waste is what is left after you have sorted and removed packaging, newspapers, food waste, electronic waste and hazardous waste. Always place remaining waste in bags.

FOR EXAMPLE Vacuum cleaner bags, envelopes, nappies, sanitary towels, cotton swabs, razors, cigarette ends, snuff, cat litter, washing-up brushes, toothbrushes, dish cloths, CD covers, chewing gum.





Other waste

Bulky waste*

Can be handed in free of charge at a manned recycling centre.

FOR EXAMPLE Furniture, bicycles, bathtub, and household utensils.

Hazardous waste*

Can be handed in free of charge at a manned recycling centre.

FOR EXAMPLE Oil, paint, chemicals, spray cans, solvents, detergents.

Electronic waste*

Can be handed in free of charge at a manned recycling centre.

FOR EXAMPLE White goods, refrigerators, freezers, televisions, computers, household appliances.

Textiles

Are placed in the special containers that are found, for example, at our manned recycling centres.

FOR EXAMPLE Clothes, home textiles, sheets, towels, curtains, shoes, accessories.

Medicines and syringes/cannulas

Hand in to a chemist's shop. Chemist's shops do not accept clinical thermometers. Batteries are placed in the box for electronic waste or taken to a manned recycling centre.

FOR EXAMPLE Medicines, syringes/cannulas.

*Ask your landlord whether you can discard your waste somewhere near your home and, if so, where and when.

Waste sorting in the home

SOME SIMPLE TIPS

Waste sorting always begins in your home. To get started, you can begin by sorting one material and then gradually add more materials. Alternatively, you can start sorting everything at once into many different containers. The main thing is that it is quick and easy for you to carry out the waste to your waste sorting room (miljörum) or your nearest recycling station (återvinningsstation).

How to sort waste successfully

- Use simple containers that are easy to carry.
- Label them clearly.
- Flatten, cut into pieces and fold your waste
 it will then take up much less space.

Free plastics minimiser

Soft plastic can be bulky and take up an unnecessary large amount of space and get stuck in the waste lorry. If you use a plastics minimiser, you can easily pack down soft plastics and save a lot of space.



If you do not already have a plastics minimiser, you can get one from your nearest recycling centre or from Renhållningen at Bruksgatan 5.



Packaging that consists of several different materials

Packaging that consists of several different materials (which cannot be separated) is sorted according to the predominant material.

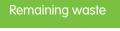
Food waste - useful tips

- 1. Let food waste drain off properly before you put it in the food waste bag.
- Place the food waste bag in the holder which we have given you. The food waste bags can withstand a lot of moisture but they need to have plenty of air. If you do not have a holder, you can get one from your nearest recycling centre or from Renhållningen at Bruksgatan 5.
- 3. Wrap smelly food waste in kitchen roll or newspaper.
- Place folded newspaper at the bottom of the bag to prevent any smell.
- 5. Only fill it to the dotted line.



Storage suggestions

Food waste, soft plastics and remaining waste must be packaged before being discarded in the bin.



Packaging material

Minimiser

Batteries, bulbs and small electronic waste





Always place remaining waste in a plastic bag. Tie up the bag to close it before discarding it in the bin.



If you don't have much space in your home, you can put all packaging in the same container in your home and then sort it in the waste sorting room.



The minimiser is used to compress soft plastics. You can put soft plastic in an empty bread-bag.



Collect the waste in a small container. Then sort it in your waste sorting room or at one of our manned recycling centres (ÅVCs). There are battery boxes at recycling stations.

Landfill and hazardous waste





Very little waste ends up as landfill. We suggest you store landfill items together with hazardous waste and then take it to one of our recycling centres (ÅVCs).





Newspapers

Can be collected in a paper bag. When the bag is full, empty the content into the bin.

A-Ö How to sort your waste QUICK GUIDE FOR WASTE SORTING

ÅVC - RECYCLING CENTRE (MANNED) ÅVS - RECYCLING STATION

Α	
Acetone	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Hazardous waste (FA)
Adapter	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Adhesive labels	Remaining waste
Advent lights	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Aluminium foil	Metal containers
Aluminium container	Metal containers
Ammunition	The police
Ant killer	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Hazardous waste
Ash	Remaining waste
В	
Bag-in-box (box)	Paper packaging
Baking tins (foil)	Metal containers
Balloon	Remaining waste
Barbecue charcoal (cold)	Remaining waste
Bath towels	Clothes collection skip
Bathroom scales (mechanical)	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Batteries	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Recycling station (ÅVS)
Beer cans (which cannot be returned to the bottle bank)	Metal containers
Bicycle	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Reuse (ÅB)
Bicycle pump (metal)	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Bird cage	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Bones (meat, poultry)	Food waste

ÅB - REUSE **FA - HAZARDOUS WASTE**

C	
Candle (wax)	Remaining waste
Cassette tapes	Remaining waste
Cat litter (paper)	Remaining waste
CD records	Remaining waste
Cereal cartons	Paper packaging
Cheese slicer	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Chewing gum	Remaining waste
Christmas tree	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Christmas wrapping paper	Paper packaging
Cigarette packet (empty)	Paper packaging
Cigarette ends	Remaining waste
Clingfilm	Remaining waste
Clinical thermometer	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Hazardous waste (FA)
Clock (mechanical)	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Clothes	Clothes collection skip
Coffee filter	Food waste
Coffee capsules	Metal containers
Cooking fat	Food waste
Corkscrew	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Cutlery (metal)	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
D	
Deodorant bottle (pressurised container, empty)	Metal containers
Disposable cutlery	Remaining waste
Disposable barbecue grill	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Disposable mugs (paper)	Paper packaging
Disposable mugs (plastic)	Plastic packaging
Dog bones	Remaining waste

E	
Earplugs	Remaining waste
Easter decoration twigs	Remaining waste
Eggcup	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Electronic items	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Envelopes	Remaining waste
Explosives	The police
F	
Foil lid	Metal containers
Foil packaging	Metal containers
G	
Greaseproof paper	Remaining waste
Н	
Hanger	Remaining waste
Hair mousse bottle (empty)	Metal containers
Hairbrush	Remaining waste
Hairspray (with content)	Recycling centre (ÅVC) Hazardous waste (FA)
Household items (wooden)	Remaining waste
Ice pack	Remaining waste
Impregnating agents	Recycling centre (ÅVC) Hazardous waste (FA)
Inhalator (empty)	Remaining waste
K	
Key	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
L	
Lifejacket	Remaining waste
LP record	Remaining waste
N	
Nail varnish	Recycling centre (ÅVC) Hazardous waste (FA)
0	
Oven foil	Metal containers

Р	
Padlock	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Paint	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Hazardous waste (FA)
Paint tin (empty, metal)	Recycling station (ÅVS) / Metal containers
Paper napkins	Food waste
Photographs	Remaining waste
Pitch torch (burnt out)	Metal containers
Post-it note	Remaining waste
Postcard	Remaining waste
Poster	Remaining waste
Pram	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Reuse (ÅB)
Print cartridge	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Hazardous waste (FA)
R	
Razor blades	Recycling centre (ÅVC)
Rubber tyres (bicycle)	Remaining waste
S	
Sandpaper	Remaining waste
Saucepan	Recycling centre (ÅVC) / Reuse (ÅB)
Sheets	Clothes collection skip
Shower curtain	Remaining waste
Т	
Tea light holder (metal)	Metal containers
Toothbrush (plastic)	Remaining waste
Towel	Clothes collection skip
Tumbler/Glass	Remaining waste
U	
Universal cloth	Remaining waste
V	
Vacuum cleaner bag	Remaining waste
w	
Washing-up brush	Remaining waste
	Recycling centre (ÅVC) /
White spirit	Hazardous waste (FA)
Z	
Zip	Recycling centre (ÅVC)

10 11

Welcome to our recycling centres (ÅVCs)

ÅVC SNÅRARP

Annedalsvägen 20, Kristianstad Tel. 044-28 24 50

OPEN

Mon-Fri 9-18 Sat 9-15

BARRIER SYSTEM

ÅVC TOLLARP

Lastbilsvägen 1, Tollarp Tel. 044-13 48 94

OPEN

Mon, Wed, Fri 9-18 Sun 9-16

BARRIER SYSTEM

ÅVC ÅHUS

Stuvaregatan, Åhus Tel. 044-13 47 75

OPEN

Mon, Wed-Fri 9-18 Sat-Sun 9-16

BARRIER SYSTEM

ÅVC ARKELSTORP

Energivägen, Arkelstorp Tel. 044-13 48 98

OPEN

Wed 9-18 Sat 9-16

BARRIER SYSTEM

ÅVC DEGEBERGA

Torskullevägen, Degeberga Tel. 0733-13 48 95

OPEN

Mon, Thur 15-19

♦ HAZARDOUS WASTE IS NOT ACCEPTED

All recycling centres are manned. We accept bulky waste, garden waste, electronic waste and white goods.

Remember to place the waste in transparent sacks.

The recycling centres are closed on public holidays (red days), Easter Saturday, Whitsun Eve, Midsummer's Eve, Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve. **Ordinary opening hours** on 6 January, Maundy Thursday and 30 April.

Please look at our homepage to check for any changes to our opening hours.

ÅVC barrier system

There is a barrier system at our recycling centres. The person in your household who subscribes for our waste disposal services can enter automatically with his/her driving licence (Swedish licence). If there are more people in your household with a driving licence, they can also be registered. If you have a foreign driving licence, you can order a special access card. There is information about how to do this on our homepage.



